

Automatic balancing valves ASV-PV DN 50 -100 (3rd gen.)

Description / Application





ASV balancing valves are used for dynamic hydronic balance in heating and cooling systems. One of the major challenges in heating and cooling systems is a lack of good hydronic balancing, caused by differential pressure, which is changing constantly and unpredictably in the system. This often results in complaints about poor indoor comfort, noise and high energy bills.

ASV automatic balancing valves ensure an optimal pressure differential for control valves as well as the correct flow within the individual risers at all times. The ASV automatically creates an optimal hydronic balance within the installation, whether under full or partial load. This balance is never disrupted.

Flow limitation

By using combination of pressure controller ASV and settable terminal's unit valve, flow limitation is established.

Flow limitation for each terminal unit prevents underflows on distant units and overflows on others thus allows efficient pumping.

Lower noise emission

Differential pressure limitation provides the pressure over the control valve not to increase at partial loads thus noise emission will be lower. (This is the reason why DIN 18380 requires control of differential pressure by partial load.)

No balancing method needed

Flow limitation is achieved by adjusting each hydronic loop separately without influencing others, which consequently results in one time adjusting process. No special balancing method is needed so commisioning cost can be saved.

Control valve authority

Controlling differential pressure over the control valve means that authority is high – which allows an accurate and stable control as well as energy saving.

Zone balancing

By installing the ASV sets you can divide the piping system in pressure independent zones. This allows a gradual connection of zones to the main in new constructions or at renovation without using an additional balancing method. There is no need to perform a new commissioning every time the system is changed because the hydronic balance is done automatically.

ASV-PV valves are settable in different ranges:

- 5-25 kPa setting is mostly used for radiator application,
- 20-40 kPa setting is used for fan coil, chilled beam and flat station applications,
- 35-75 kPa setting is used for flat station and fan coil, chilled beam application,
- 60-100 kPa setting is used for large terminal unit application (air handling units, fan coils, etc.).

Using ASV valves it is possible to optimize pump head while independent pressure zones allow to keep authority of terminal unit's valve high.

ASV balancing valves are designed to guarantee high quality of the automatic balancing by:

- a pressure released cone,
- an adapted membrane for every valve dimension which provide constant quality performance for all sizes,
- spring with linear characteristic that makes setting required Δp easy.

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Automatic balancing valves ASV

Description / Application (continuous)

ASV valves DN 50 is supplied with external thread only. Threaded or weld tail pieces can be supplied as an accessory. Dimensions DN 65-100 are supplied as flanged valves.

ASV balancing valves have integrated service functions such as shut-off.

ASV-PV can be equipped with plug for flow measuring. In that case measuring plugs need to be ordered separately and mounted on the valve as follows:

- on top of drain connection (DN 50),
- on the flange connection before the valve is filled with water (DN 65-100).

ASV-PV valves are to be mounted in return pipe, in combination with partner valves mounted in flow pipe. As a partner valve MSV-F2 is recommended.

There are two basic configurations when using ASV partner valves (MSV-F2):

 partner valve outside the control loop (Fig. 1). Recommended configuration: it results in best performance since whole controlled pressure range is available to the riser. Flow limitation is done on each terminal unit in the riser.

MSV-F2, by connecting impulse tube to down-flow test plug.

 partner valve inside control loop (Fig. 2). Offers flow limitation on the riser however part of the controlled pressure range is used by pressure drop on partner valve (Δp_i). It is recommended when flow limitation on each terminal units is not possible.

MSV-F2, by connecting impulse tube to up-flow test plug.





ASV valves are to be used in heating systems to control the differential pressure in risers. To limit the flow for every radiator, the thermostatic radiator valve with pre-setting facilities (feature) is used together with a constant pressure provided by the ASV, thus providing balanced heat distribution. Controlling differential pressure over the riser means also that the valve authority over the thermostatic radiator valves is high – which allows an accurate and stable temperature control and saves energy.



Description / Application (continuous)



ASV valves are to be used in floor heating systems. To limit the flow for every loop valves with an integrated flow limiting or presetting function should be used together with a constant pressure provided by an ASV-PV valve. ASV-PV valves can control the differential pressure in several ranges if different pressure is needed.



The ASV valves are to be used in systems with fan coils, induction devices and air-heaters to secure an automatic hydronic balance by the means of differential pressure control in branches or at every coil.



The ASV valves are to be used in air handling units to secure an automatic hydronic balance by the means of differential pressure control at every unit.



Automatic balancing valves ASV

Sizing



We recommend to size the diameter of ASV-PV valves by using Fig 7. Maximum flow rates are based on 10 kPa differential pressure over the valve which allows effcient pumping and saves energy.

After ASV-PV valves have been sized the same dimension of partner valve MSV-F2 valve should be selected.

Example:

Given: Pipe flow 3000 l/h, pipes DN 50

Solution:

Horizontal line intersects the column for the valve DN 50 which can therefore be selected as required size.

For detailed sizing see examples on pages 9. For different Δp_{v} (differential pressure over the valve) see diagrams in Appendix A.

Connection between valves size and pipe size

K, values per particular dimension were designed to cover flow range according to VDI 2073 with water velocity of up 0.8 m/s, at differential pressure of 10 kPa over the valve. As long as the water velocity in the pipe is between 0.3 and 0.8 m/s dimension of the valve should be equal to pipe dimension.

This rule is derived out of the fact that K_v values per particular dimension were designed to cover flow range according to VDI 2073 at differential pressure of 10 kPa over the valve.

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Ordering

ASV-PV balancing valve, inclusive in the box: 2.5 m impulse tube (G ¹/₁₆ A) drain connection (G ³/₄ A) and adapter **003L8151**

Туре	DN	k vs (m³∕h)	Conne	ection	Δp setting range (kPa)	Code No.
圓	50 20	20	External thread ISO 228/1	G 2 ½	5-25	003Z0611
					20-40	003Z0621
					35-75	003Z0631
			60-100	003Z0641		

ASV-PV balancing valve, inclusive in the box:

2.5 m impulse tube (G 1/16 A), adapter ASV large 003Z0691 and 003L8151

Туре	DN	k _{vs} (m³∕h)	Connection	Δp setting range (kPa)	Code No.
	65	48			003Z0623
	80	63	Flange EN 1092-2	20-40	003Z0624
<u>m</u>	100	76.0			003Z0625
	65	48		35-75	003Z0633
	80	63			003Z0634
	100	76.0			003Z0635
╟╧╢	65	48]		003Z0643
	80	63]	60-100	003Z0644
	100	76.0]		003Z0645

MSV-F2 Partner valve with shut-off, flowlimitation and test plugs.¹⁾

Туре	DN	DN k _{vs}		DN20	Code No.
	DN	(m³/h)	(°C)	(bar)	Code No.
	15	3.1			003Z1085
	20	6.3			003Z1086
Star	25	9.0	130	16	003Z1087
	32	15.5			003Z1088
	40	32.3			003Z1089
	50	53.8			003Z1061
VV	65	93.4			003Z1062
	80	122.3			003Z1063
	100	200.0			003Z1064

¹⁾For more information see MSV-F2 datasheeet

Accessories and spare parts

Description		Comments/connection	Code No.
		DN 50	003Z0179
Shut off knob for MSV-F2		DN 65-100	003Z0180
Differential pressure measuring connector		For drain connection	003L8143
	100	1.5 m	003L8152
Impulse tube, with O-rings	6 #	2.5 m	003Z0690
	\bigcirc	5 m	003L8153
Plastic impulse tube with connectors adapters	and	For making set of 10 pieces ⁴⁾	003Z0689
Adapter large ASV 1)		G ¼-R ¼; G ¼16	003Z0691
Plug for connecting impulse tube ²⁾		G 1/16-R 1/4	003L8151
O-ring for impulse tube ³⁾		2.90 × 1.78	003L8175

Fitting

For valves with external thread Danfoss offers threaded or welded tailpieces as accessory.

Materials				
Nut	brass			
Tailpiece welding	steel			
Tailpiece threaded	brass			

	Туре	Comment	to pipe	to valve	Code No.
ſ	Tailpiece threaded (1 pcs.)	R2	DN 50 (2 ¼″)	003Z0274	
Ľ			πz	DN 50 (2 ½″)	003Z0278
ſ	-A	Tailpiece	DN 50	DN 50 (2 ¼″)	003Z0272
		welding (1 pcs.)	DN 50	DN 50 (2 ½″)	003Z0276

1) Recommended for use with MSV-F2, connected to measuring hole, it allows connection of impulse

tube from ASV while retaining measurement functionality. Recommended for use with MSV-F2, connected to measuring hole. Can also be used for connecting impulse tube directly on the pipe.

Set of 10 pieces.

⁴⁾ Total 15 meter of impulse tube

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Technical data

Туре		ASV-PV	MSV-F2 ¹⁾
Nominal diameter	DN	50-100	50-100
Max. pressure	hau	16 (PN 16)	16 (PN 16)
Test pressure	bar	25	25
Differential pressure over the valve	kPa	10-250 ²⁾	10-150
Temperature	°C	-10 120	-10 130
Material of parts in contact with wat	er		
Valve body		Grey cast iron EN-GJL-250 (GG 25)	Cast iron EN-GJL 250 (GG 25)
Cone		Stainless steel	CW602N
Membrane / O-rings		EPDM	
Spring		Stainless steel	-
Earman information con MSV E2 datad		· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·	

For more information see MSV-F2 datasheet.

²¹ Please note that the maximum admissible differential pressure across the valve 250 kPa should also not be exceeded at partial load.

Design

- 1. Shut-off knob
- 2. Differential pressure setting spindle
- 3. O-ring
- 4. Reference spring
- 5. Impulse tube connection
- 6. Diaphragm element
- 7. Control diaphragm
- 8. Pressure-relieved valve cone
- 9. Valve body
- 10. Seat

n	5-25	20-40	35-75	60-100
(turns)	(kPa)	(kPa)	(kPa)	(kPa)
0	25	40	75	100
1	24	39	73	98
2	23	38	71	96
3	22	37	69	94
4	21	36	67	92
5	20	35	65	90
6	19	34	63	88
7	18	33	61	86
8	17	32	59	84
9	16	31	57	82
10	15	30	55	80
11	14	29	53	78
12	13	28	51	76
13	12	27	49	74
14	11	26	47	72
15	10	25	45	70
16	9	24	43	68
17	8	23	41	66
18	7	22	39	64
19	6	21	37	62
20	5	20	35	60



ASV-PV is designed to maintain a constant set differential pressure. Via an internal connection and together with the reference spring (4), pressure in the return pipe acts on the underside of the control diaphragm (7) while via an impulse tube (5), pressure in the flow pipe acts on the top of the diaphragm. In this way the balancing valve maintains adjusted differential pressure.

kPa

10

30

60 80 DN 50 5

Factory presetting Δp setting range

(kPa)

5-25

20-40

35-75

60-100

ASV-PV (DN 50)

Fig. 8

The ASV-PV valves are sold in four different Δp setting ranges. The valves are factory–set to a defined value as described on Factory presseting table on Fig. 8 and 9.

Use the following procedure to set the desired differential presure:

the setting on ASV-PV can be changed by turning the setting spindle (2). Turning the spindle clockwise increases the setting; turning it counter clockwise reduces the setting.

If the setting is not known, turn the spindle fully clockwise. With this the setting on ASV-PV is at maximum value within setting range. Now turn the spindle a number of times (n) as described in Fig. 6, 7 or 8 until the required differential pressure setting is obtained.



Design (continuous)

- Shut-off knob
 Differential pressure setting spindle
- 3. O-ring
- 4. Flat gasket
- 5. Reference spring
- 6. Impulse tube connection7. Diaphragm element
- 8. Control diaphragm
- **9.** Pressure-relieved valve cone
- **10.** Valve body
- **11.** Seat
- 12. Measuring holes-plugged
- 13. Air-vent





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Factory presetting						
Δp setting range (kPa)	kPa					
20-40	30					
35-75	60					

80

60-100

n	20-40	35-75	60-100
(turns)	(kPa)	(kPa)	(kPa)
0	40	75	100
1	39	74	99
2	38	73	98
3	37	72	97
4	36	71	96
5	35	70	95
6	34	69	94
7	33	68	93
8	32	67	92
9	31	66	91
10	30	65	90
11	29	64	89
12	28	63	88
13	27	62	87
14	26	61	86
15	25	60	85
16	24	59	84
17	23	58	83
18	22	57	82
19	21	56	81
20	20	55	80

n	20-40	35-75	60-100
(turns)	(kPa)	(kPa)	(kPa)
21		54	79
22		53	78
23		52	77
24		51	76
25		50	75
26		49	74
27		48	73
28		47	72
29		46	71
30		45	70
31		44	69
32		43	68
33		42	67
34		41	66
35		40	65
36		39	64
37		38	63
38		37	62
39		36	61
40		35	60

Fig. 9 ASV-PV (DN 65-100)

DN

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Design (continuous)

- 1. Body EN-GJL250
- 2. Plug
- 3. Valve cone
- 3.1 . Seat soft sealing4. Rod
- 5. Stroke limiter/Allen screw
- 6. Gasket
- Handwheel with display DN 50-100 plastic
- 8. Fixed screw
- 9. Spindle
- **10.** Stuffing box
- 11. Bonnet
- 12. Allen screw /Hexagon screw
- 13. Flat gasket

3 3 (4) 6 (10) 1 3.) 3.) (12) 2 (13 1 (T MSV-F2 DN 50-80 Fig. 10 MSV-F2 DN 50-100



Partner valves MSV-F2 ¹⁾ are to be used together with the automatic balancing valves ASV-PV to control differential pressure in the risers.

Impulse tube connection

The impulse line must be connected to impulse tube connection piece (2) (adaptor sold as accessory). In working position, one of test plugs needs to be open while other closed. There are two possible configurations, with partner valve inside or outside control loop. It can be chosen by impulse tube connection side:

- Partner valve outside controlled loop: opened outlet test plug
- Partner valve inside controlled loop: opened inlet test plug

MSV-F2 is manual presetting and shut-off valves. The valves have position indicator and stroke limiter as standard. Hood of spindle is integrated with stroke limiter. Setting can be locked.



¹⁾ For more information see MSV-F2 datasheet

Data sheet

Sizing-design examples



1. Example (AHU - air handling unit)

Given:

Desired flow for the riser (Q): 15 m ²	³/h
Minimal available pressure	
for that riser (Δp_a)	Pa
Estimated pressure drop over the riser	
at the desired flow (Δp_0)	Ра
Ū	

- <u>Wanted:</u>
- Valve type
- Valve size

Selection and sizing of automatic balancing valves for air handling unit. The customer have choosen ASV-PV with partner valve MSV-F2 inside the control loop is choosen. Since the calculated pressure drop over the riser is 40 kPa ASV-PV with setting range between 35-75 kPa is selected. The minimal available pressure for the riser is 100 kPa and pressure drop across ASV-PV (Δpv) will following be 60 Kpa

$$\Delta p_{v} = \Delta p_{a} - \Delta p_{o} = 100 - 40 = 60 \text{ kPa}$$

$$k_{v=} \frac{Q}{\sqrt{\Delta p_v}} = \frac{15}{\sqrt{0.6}} = 19.36 \text{ m}^3/\text{h}$$

Based on this calculation ASV-PV DN 65 is selected with partner valve MSV-F2 also DN65. Set the valve to 40 kPa, see figure 11 (40kPa = 35 turns). Selection can also be made by reading from diagram Appendix A. fig A

$\Delta p_a = \Delta p_m + \Delta p_r + \Delta p_v$

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- Δp_v Pressure drop across ASV-PV valve
- Δp_i Pressure drop across MSV-F2
- Δp_o Pressure drop across the riser including MSV-F2
- Δp_a Pressure drop across the riser
- Δp_r Pressure drop in the riser excluding MSV-F2

2. Example (continued AHU - air handling unit)

Given:

Correcting the flow with the differential pressure setting.

Desired flow for the riser (Q ₂):1	5 m³/h
Measured flow for the riser (Q_1)	8 m³/h

Estimated pressure drop over the riser at desired flow $(\Delta p_{,})$ 40 kPa

Required:

Correct flow to 15 m³/h for the riser.

Solution:

Measuring the flow show that it is higher then what is desired for the riser, this could be caused by the real pressure drop over the riser is higher than the estimated 40 kPa, following setting on the ASV-PV valve can be adjusted to limit the flow.

$$P_2 = P_1 \times \left(\frac{Q_2}{Q_1}\right)^2 = 40 \times \left(\frac{15}{18}\right)^2 = 28 \text{ kPa}$$

If we decrease the setting from 40 to 28 kPa flow will be decreased to 15 $m^3/h.$

Alternatively, flow limitation inside the loop can also be done with MSV-F2 by adjusting the setting of the valve.

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Measurement of flow and differential pressure

MSV-F2 is equipped with two test plugs so that the differential pressure across the valve can be measured using Danfoss measuring equipment or any other measuring device. Valve can be converted to actual flow.

Note: When measuring sized flow, all radiator valves must be fully open (nominal flow).

Measurement of differential pressure (Δp_r) across riser.

Fit a measuring connector (Danfoss code no. **003L8143**) on the ASV-PV balancing valve drain connection (DN 50) or threaded connection closer to the terminal unit (TU). Measurements must be taken between the test plug at MSV-F2 valve port B and the measuring connector on the ASV-PV.

Installation

ASV-PV must be installed in the return pipe with flow in the direction of the arrow on thevalve body. Partner valves (MSV-F2) must be installed in the flow pipe, with flow in the direction of the arrow on the valve body. The impulse tube must be installed between partner valve and ASV-PV. The impulse tube must be flushed through before installation. ASV-PV and MSV-F2 must in addition be installed as determined by installation conditions.



Pressure testing

Max. test pressure 25 bar

When pressure testing the system you must secure that both sides of the membrane have the same static pressure to prevent damage of the pressure controller. That means the impulse tube must be connected and any needle valves must be open.

Starting

During system start – opening the shut-off on ASV-PV and partner valve-please secure that there is the same static pressure on both sides or higher pressure on upper side of the membrane. If filling is done by opening ASV-PV and partner valve, please make sure there is a pressure on the upper side of the membrane by opening partner valve first before ASV-PV is opened.



Dimensions



ASV-PV

DN	Δp setting range	L1	L2	L3	H1	H2	D1	D2	b	c
DN	kPa				mm				ISO 228/1	
	5-25				222	232	55	133	G 2 ¹ /2	G ³ /4 A
50	20-40	120	130 244	232						
50	35-75	150		244 254	272	61	55	133	G 21/2	G 3/4 A
	60-100			273						



	L1	H1	H2	D1	D2	D3
DN	mm					
65	290	385	93	68	205	145
80	310	390	100	68	218	160
100	347	446	112	68	248	180

Fig. 14

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Appendix A-Sizing diagram



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Appendix B

MSV-F Flow diagrams



DN 50/PN 16/PN 25

Setting	k _v -value
1	7.4
2	15.8
3	26.7
4	36.9
5	46.2
6	53.8

Max. permissible differential pressure in throttling function 1.5 /2.0 bar. Max. permissible flow speed: ≤ 4 m/s Condition:

• The flow must be free of cavitation.

Flow characteristic



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Automatic balancing valves ASV

Appendix B (continued) MSV-F Flow diagrams



DN 65 / PN 16 / PN 25

_		
MSV.G.012.1/01	Setting	k _v -value
V.G.U	1	2.6
M	2	8.8
	3	21.6
	4	39.0
	5	49.8
	6	58.5
	7	69.3
	8	79.0
	9	87.8
	9.5	93.4

Max. permissible differential pressure in throttling function 1.5 /2.0 bar. Max. permissible flow speed: ≤ 4 m/s

Condition:

 The flow must be free of cavitation.







Pressure lost in Pascal (10Pascal 1mm H₂O=9.8066 Pa) 1 bar=0.1 MPa=10 Pa⁵

DN 80/PN 16/PN 25

Setting	k _v -value
1	5.8
2	9.9
3	24.5
4	48.5
5	71.3
6	87.0
7	96.4
8	109.3
9.5	122.3

Max. permissible differential pressure in throttling function 1.5 /2.0 bar. Max. permissible flow speed: \leq 4 m/s Condition:

 The flow must be free of cavitation.

Flow characteristic



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DN 100/PN 16/PN 25

Setting	k _v -value
Jetting	R _v value
1	8.3
2	32.4
3	72.9
4	107.2
5	128.2
6	152.8
7	180.0
8	200.0

Max. permissible differential pressure in throttling function 1.5 /2.0 bar. Max. permissible flow speed: \leq 4 m/s Condition:

• The flow must be free of cavitation.

Flow characteristic







Automatic balancing valves ASV

ASV-PV tender text

1. Tender text

- a. Product is differential pressure controller for automatic hydronic balance of heating and cooling systems.
- b. The differential pressure controller should be based on integrated membrane element.
- c. Valves should have shut-off function separated from the setting mechanism. Shut-off service function should be possible with a hand knob.
- d. The setting of differential pressure should be hidden to prevent unauthorized change of setting.
- e. The differential pressure setting should be linear throughout the setting range (1 turn 1 kPa or 1 turn 2 kPa depending on dimension).
- f. Packaging of differential pressure controller should contain impulse tube (1.5 m)
- g. Valve should be delivered in reliable packaging for safe transport and handling.

2. Product characteristics:

- a. Pressure class: PN 16
- b. Temperature range: -10 ... +120 °C.
- c. Connection size: DN 50-100
- d. Connection type (depending on dp setting range): External thread ISO 228/1 (DN15-50) and Flange EN 1092-2 (DN 65-100)
- e. Δp setting range: 5-25 kPa (DN 50), 20-40 kPa (DN 50-100), 35-75 kPa (DN 50-100) and 60-100 kPa (DN 65-100).
- f. Installation: differential pressure controller should mounted on return pipe with connection via impulse tube to supply pipe.

Nominal diameter:	
Connection:	
Adjustment range from-to:	kPa
Produced by: Danfoss Type:	ASV-PV
Ordering no.:	003L

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